

# Clear legal framework in Scotland for river management and protection:

- •Globally Convention on Biological Diversity; RAMSAR Convention on migratory waterfowl
- •European Water Framework Directive; Floods Directive, Habitats Directive; Wild Birds Directive
- •Nationally Water Environment Water Services Act; Nature Conservation (Scotland) Act; Floods Risk Management (Scotland) Act; Climate Change Act









# Major changes in the way we view Rivers, Catchments and Communities

- •...the need to take a **catchment approach** to river management that transcends individual state and regional laws & policies;
- •...the need to understand catchments as sources pathways receptors with water flows connecting up and down stream
- •...the realisation of multiple benefits and multiple stakeholders, increasingly around delivery of ecosystem services
- •...the need to involve people with different skills and knowledge economists, biologists, planners, land managers, policy-makers, regulators, governments, farmers, foresters, anglers....
- •...the importance of local communities and the rise of stakeholder participation.

### **The Tweed Catchment**

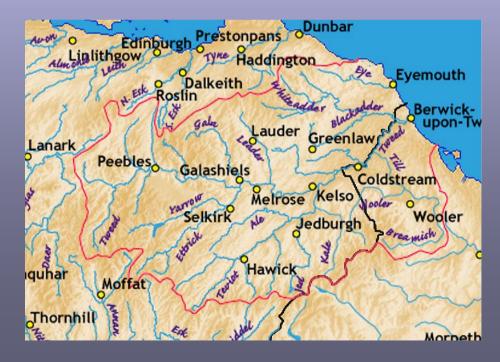
River Tweed length: 156 kms

Catchment: 5,000 sq km

Scotland (84%): England (16%)

Mainly agricultural & valley towns

130,000 pop., tourism, farming (sheep & cereals), Salmon, Rugby, Tweed woollens





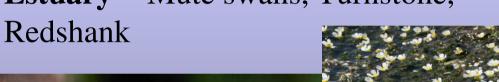
The Tweed - Landscape characteristics



## The Tweed - conservation interests

**River** - Otter, Salmon, Lampreys, Water Crowfoot (Ranunculus) beds, beetle assemblages of River gravels

Estuary - Mute swans, Turnstone,





## History of Management

- top down sector interests (1)

#### FISHERY management dominates – Salmon

Fishery Acts: 1857, 1859 & 1969

Tweed Commission established 1807

Since 2006, River Tweed Commissioners role:

the general preservation and increase of Salmon, Sea Trout, Trout and other freshwater fish in the River Tweed and its tributaries, and in particular with the regulation of fisheries, the removal of nuisances and obstructions and the prevention of illegal fishing.

81 Commissioners - 38 elected by the Fishery Proprietors, 43 appointed by the Local authorities, of which 23 are from local angling clubs and 20 from independent interests. Over12,000 salmon caught/year

c. 500 jobs

c. £18 million to local economy



### **Tweed Foundation 1983**

Habitat & stock monitoring and enhancement

## History of Management

- top down sector interests (2)

### **NATURE CONSERVATION interests:** - river channel species focus

Main river, all tributaries and estuary have gained site protection through European and national legislation

#### Nature Conservancy Scotland - Scottish Natural Heritage

**Site of Special Scientific Interest 1976** 

**Special Areas of Conservation 2005** 

River: - Atlantic Salmon, 3 species of Lamprey, Otter, Ranunculus beds; Beetle assemblages of river gravels;

Estuary: - Turnstone, Redshank, Mute swans.

### **WATER QUALITY:** - chemistry focus

Point source pollution, then diffuse agricultural pollution

<u>Tweed River Purification Board – Scottish Environment Protection</u>
<u>Agency</u>



### The Evolution of Tweed Forum

The "Yellow Digger" in the river...



**Tweed Forum** owes its existence to a single event, at a single location - the ultimate "Bottom up" origin.

Tweed Commissioners
Scottish Natural Heritage
Tweed River Purification
Board

## The Development of Tweed Forum

### **Three Phases:**

(1) 1991 – 1999: the **Forum** 

(2) 1999 – 2008: the Limited company (and the Catchment Management Plan)

(3) 2008 - the Stakeholder "institution"

Issues
Projects
Strategies

Increasing engagement with statutory bodies and the community Increasing scale of ambition and connections

## **Phase 1 – the Forum** (1991 – 1999)

### **Loose association and reactive "talking shop":**

- Co-ordination of activities, knowledge exchange, clarification
- Cross-border representation from outset
- Voluntary, flexible membership, made up of local Tweed based environmental, regulatory and planning organisations
- Increasing membership groups

### **Deliveries:**

- •Technical notes e.g. use of "midstream" herbicide near water courses
- •Tweed Fact Pack who is responsible for what?
- Resource directory
- Advisory notes e.g. Canoeists and Fishermen
- Working protocol for undertaking river works

## Phase 2 – the limited company (a)

Moving towards our own goals and projects (1999 –2008)

Catalyst of the potential of major funding – the Heritage Lottery Fund (phases i and ii):

The Big Challenge (i)...to formalise a group, become a company

### TWEED RIVERS HERITAGE PROJECT

To conserve, enhance and raise awareness of the natural, built and cultural heritage of the rivers and valleys of the Tweed catchment and develop the recreational opportunities and quality of life in the region.



## Phase 2 – the limited company (a)

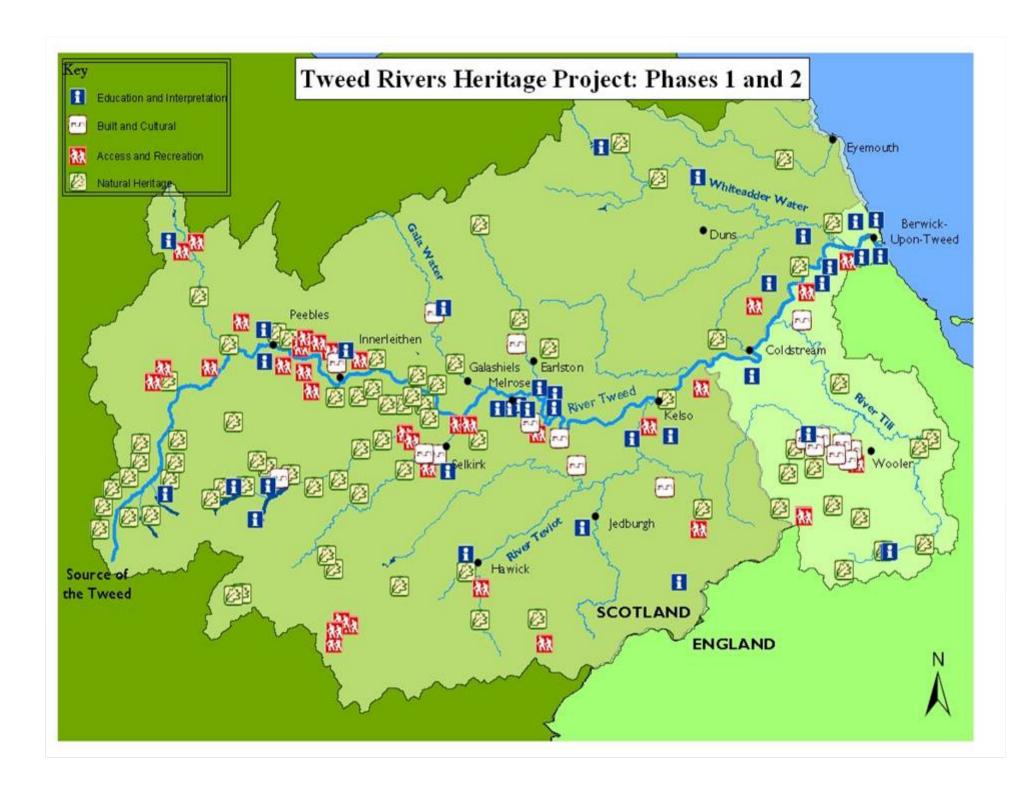
### TWEED RIVERS HERITAGE PROJECT

New role as facilitator to bring together the wishes of a wide range of groups across the catchment;

- Established catchment-based organisations led <u>4 topic groups</u> (built & cultural; education & interpretation; access & recreation; natural heritage)
- Identified some 63 potential projects reduced to 22 for application to HLF
- unequal partners leaders *individual believers* in major organisations, match funding challenges
- seed-corn funding vital private company & landfill tax (Northumbrian Water)

### TWEED RIVERS HERITAGE PROJECT

- £9 million with £4 million from HLF (45%) over 2 phases.
- Cash match funding from over 60 different sources
- In kind funding worth just under £1 million
- Tweed Forum core funding was a part of the project and funded by HLF to 70%



## Phase 2 – the limited company (b)

**Moving towards our own strategy** (1999 –2008)

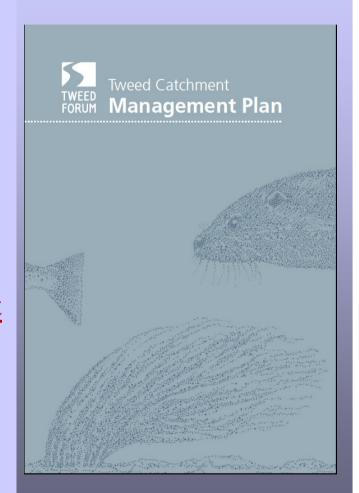
Catalyst of the potential of major funding

– the Heritage Lottery Fund (two phases)

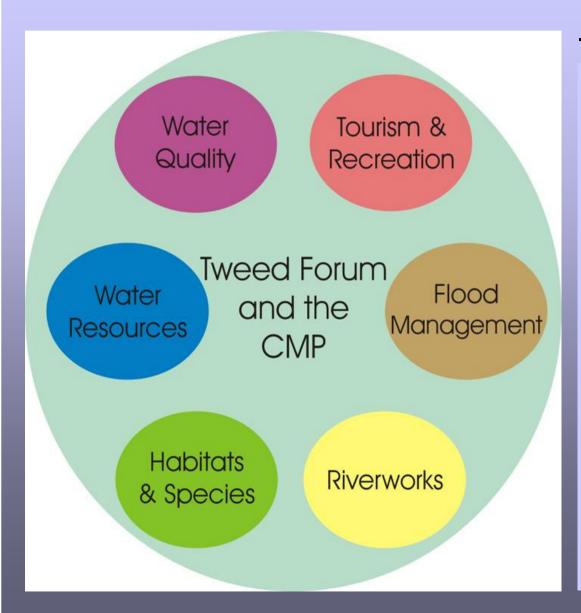
The Big Challenge (ii)...to become a strategic catchment player

New role as strategic leader for catchment management:

 2002 - appointed a Project Officer to develop a Tweed Catchment Management Plan (CMP)



## Tweed Forum Catchment Management Plan



1st Plan launched 2003

- •Carried out detailed catchment-wide local consultation 11 public evening meetings, leaflets, press coverage
- Themes developed by a series of working groups
- Draft CMP reviewed by local organisations
- CMP reviewed in 2005 and again in 2009 by Forum membership

### Phase 3 – the stakeholder "institution"

### Tweed Forum of today: (2008 - )

Increasingly recognised by others as a powerful "institution" – a local stakeholder led non-governmental organisation (NGO), devoted to catchment management

Forum's Enhanced role: sitting between and alongside the statutory bodies and the local communities on Tweed:

- Delivering the Tweed Catchment Management Plan (CMP)
- Delivering the Water Framework Directive Area River Basin Management Plan
- Facilitating and enabling the work of others as a trusted independent voice

## Who TWEED FORUM is....

## GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES

Department for the Environment,
Food and Rural Affairs
Environment Agency
Forestry Commission Scotland
Natural England
Scottish Environment Protection
Agency
Scottish Government
Scottish Natural Heritage
Scottish Water
Scottish Enterprise Borders
Visit Scotland

#### **PRIVATE / VOLUNTARY SECTOR**

Borders Forest Trust
Farming and Wildlife Advisory Group
Northumbrian Water
Northumbrian Wildlife Trust
River Tweed Commissioners
Royal Society for the Protection of
Birds
Scottish Agricultural College
Scottish Borders Rural Partnership
Scottish Rural Property and Business
Association
Scottish National Farmers Union
Southern Uplands Partnership
Tweed Foundation

#### **LOCAL AUTHORITIES**

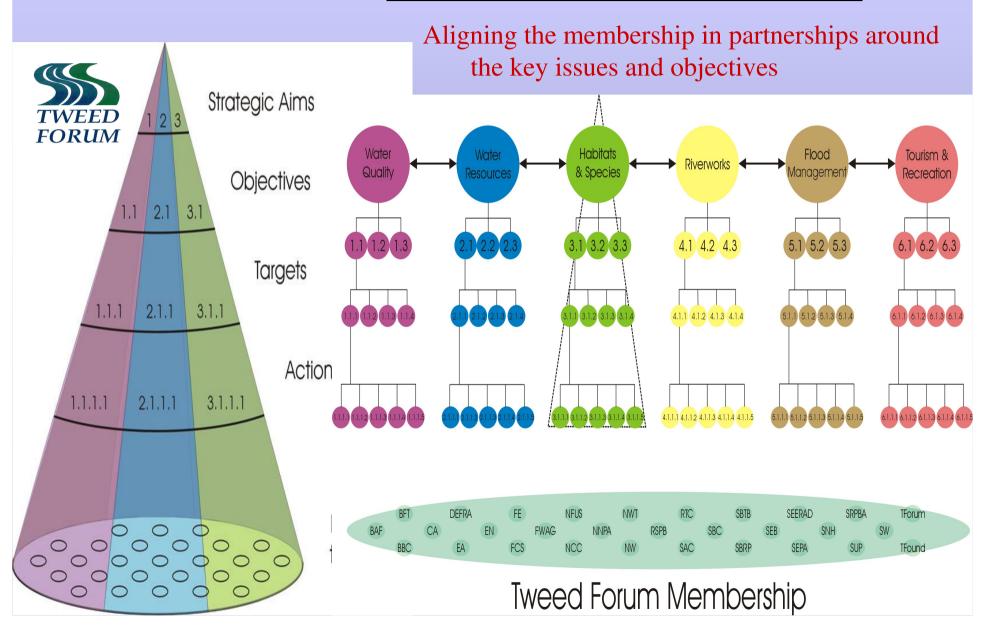
Berwick upon Tweed Borough Council Northumberland County Council Northumberland National Park Authority Scottish Borders Council

### Governance **Tweed Forum Members** Structure: TWEED FORUM is..... 4 independent **Directors** Executive **Area Advisory TWEED** Group **Committee FORUM** ..and operates through... **Tweed Forum Staff** FLAG **LBAP** ..supported by... **Riverworks** Wetlands & **Riparian Habitats** Group Tweed Wetland Strategy **Water Resources** 2010 Group



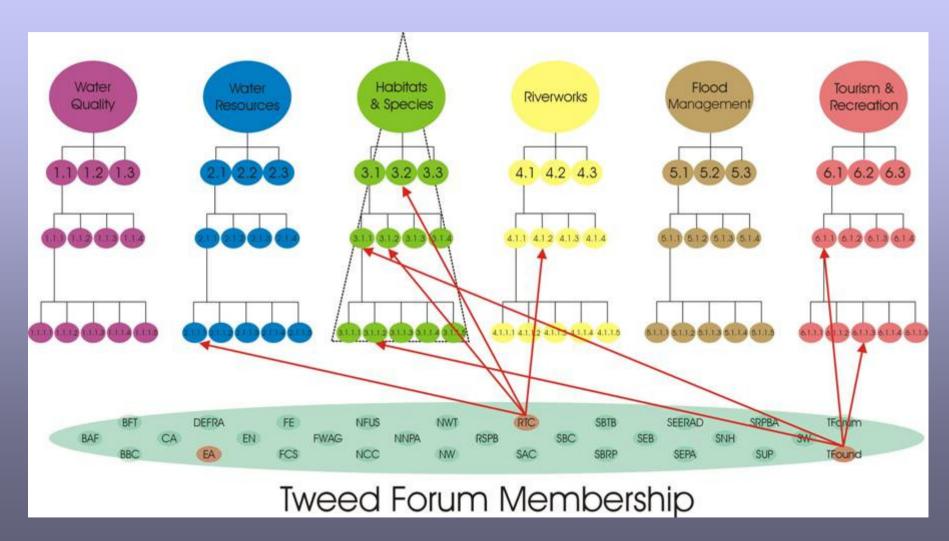
### How we do it

## THE CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT PLAN AND THE ROLES OF TWEED FORUM



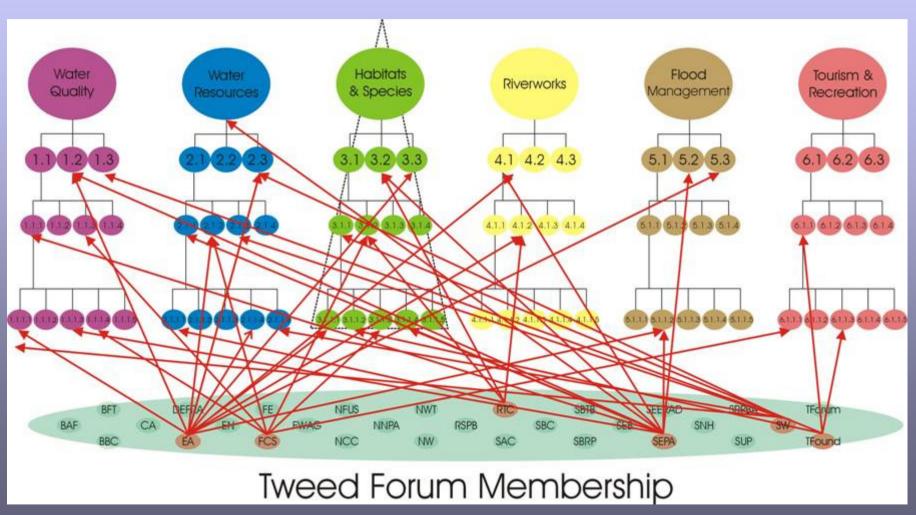
# Individual members identified for their contribution to actions





# Builds in to a multiple partnership programme





## **Key Role:** empowering community stakeholders

### > Facilitating and Enabling

- Mediator/Honest Broker defuse potential conflicts
- promote integration, coordination and cooperation
- pool resources and secure funding

### > Seizing Opportunities

### > Filling Gaps

- encourage others to action, or
- taking direct action

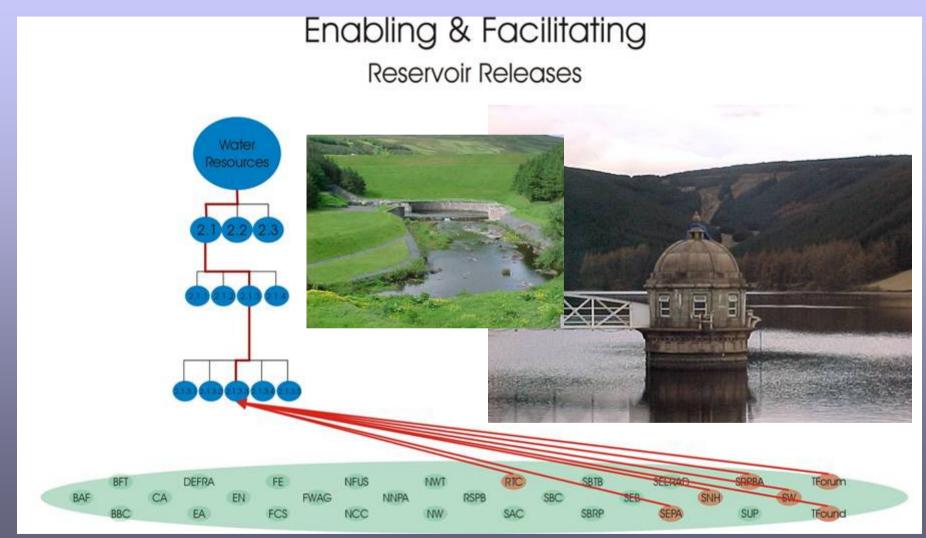
## **Communicating**

- improve flow of information
- articulate and promote collective aims and objectives



### Bringing people together to resolve issues:







•Conflict resolution and future scenario planning

•Sustainable Flood Management;

Research, demonstrations, pilots and action – e.g. Eddleston Water

Cheviot Futures is unique in the UK, providing practical measures to help farmers and land managers adapt to climate change.



We know that climate change will pose some significant challenges for communities in the future, but what are they and how can we

address them?

For more information about how Cheviot Futures is working to achieve a more resilient rural community and to hear about the projects we are involved in visit our website: www.cheviotfutures.co.uk or e-mail: info@cheviotfutures.co.uk

Alternatively you can contact one of our spokespeople below:

Peter Kerr Environment Agency Tel: 0191 2034062

Elizabeth Bunting
Environment Agency
Tel: 0191 2034065
elizabeth.bunting@environment-agency.co.ul

Lydia Speakman Natural England Tel : 0191 2293091 Iydia.speakman@naturalengland.org.uk

Andrew Miller Northumberland National Park Authority Tel: 01669 622 079 andrew.miller@nnpa.org.uk

Luke Comins
Tweed Forum
Tel: 01896 849723
luke.comins@tweedforum.com
For a full list of Cheviot Futures partners
please visit our website.

Cheviot Futures is part funded by the Northumbria Regiona Flood Defence Committee.





The European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development:

real-world solutions for climate change



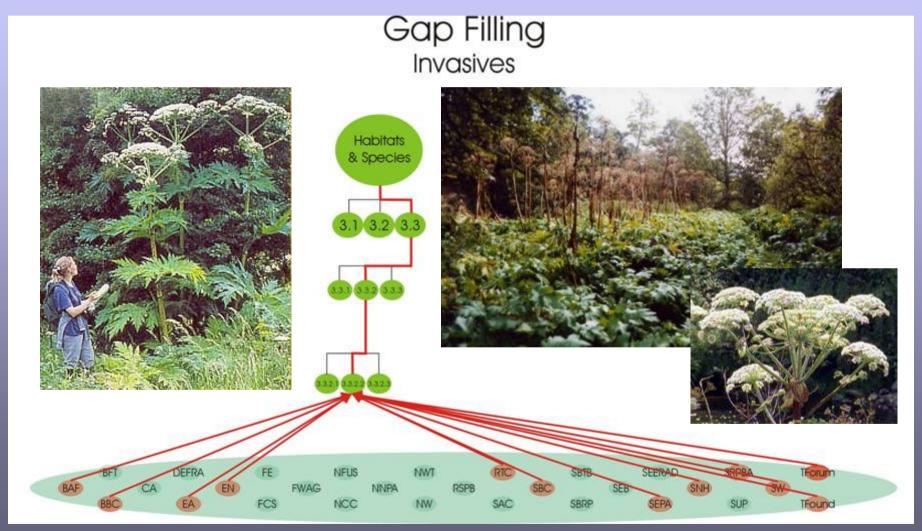
### Match-making partners to access funds and opportunities



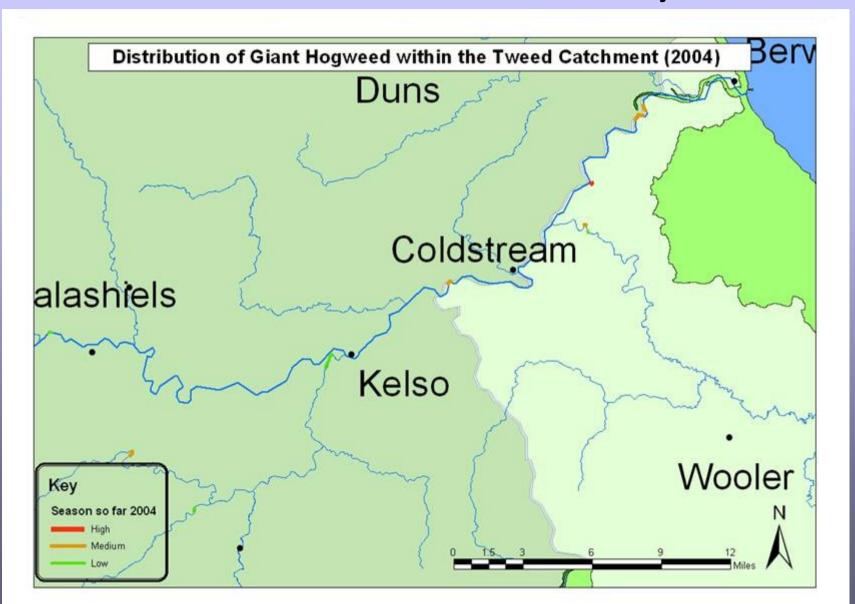


## Resolving stakeholder issues where no clear statutory lead exists





## A comparison of <u>flowering</u> Giant Hogweed plants before and after the start of the Tweed Invasives Project.



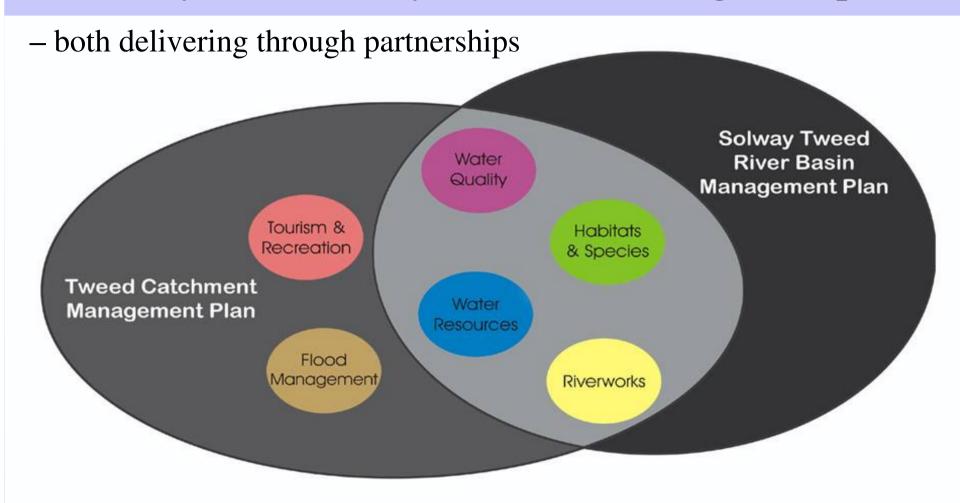
## The relationship with the Water Framework Directive (WFD) and river basin management planning:

### **Governance:**

- Stakeholder participation in WFD river basin management planning through the Advisory Groups (national and area)
- •Uniquely, Tweed Forum is used as the Area Advisory Group for Tweed area
- Effective stakeholder engagement already there
- Helps integrate RBMP with Tweed CMP
- Ensures regulatory regimes meet in the middle
- Using Tweed Forum technical groups to resolve specific issues and promoting best practice



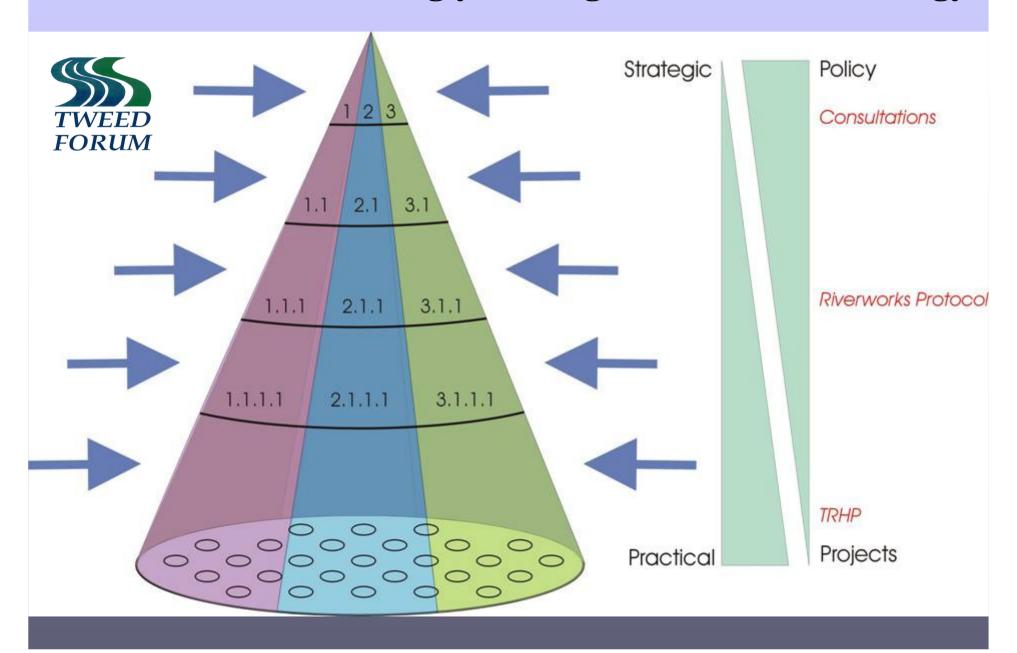
### Voluntary and Statutory river basin management plans:



Bottom up community role

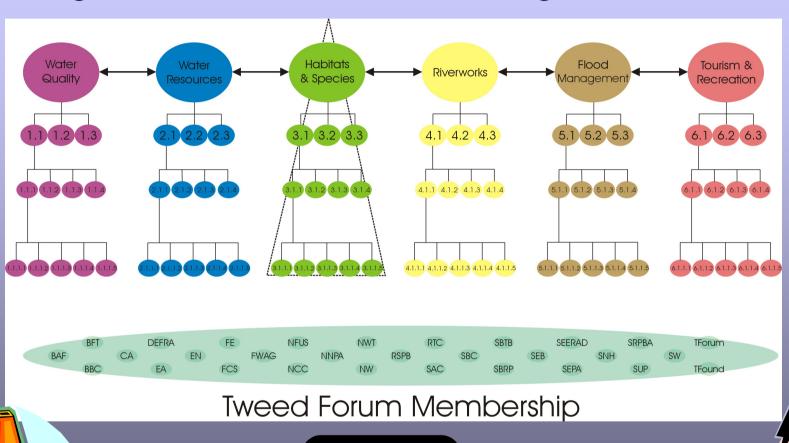
Top down regulatory framework

### Tweed Forum increasingly moving from issues to strategy



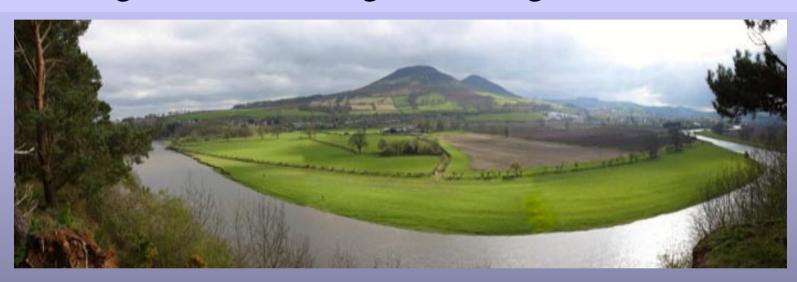
**Tweed Forum** as the glue, the oil and the fuel for effective river management – founded on effective governance at local

level





**Future:** - river restoration work, helping address significant water issues and working towards the ultimate goal of WFD – 'good ecological status'.....



...alongside community priorities for land management improvements, river restoration, invasive species control, access, tourism, recreation, diffuse pollution projects, floodplain restoration, sustainable flood management, fisheries.....